# Making It Happen: How to successfully plan, develop and realize an active learning space in your college

(slides are based on renovations of Dawson physics labs: 2008-2010)

Chris Whittaker Dawson College

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- Science Program has about 2100 students
- Physics Dept.
  - has about 15 FTE teaching positions
  - 4 dedicated teaching labs
  - 2 full-time technicians
  - offer daytime, evening and summer classes.

## Background:

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  - Process started in winter 2008
  - College willing to spend \$\$\$ Jan. 2008
  - Road-trip in June 2008

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- In summer 2009 Dawson Physics Dept renovated two of four labs for active teaching.
  - Process started in winter 2008
  - College willing to spend \$\$\$ Jan. 2008
  - Road-trip in June 2008
- Dawson administration has agreed to renovate a general classroom in January 2012 for active teaching – design & planning in progress.

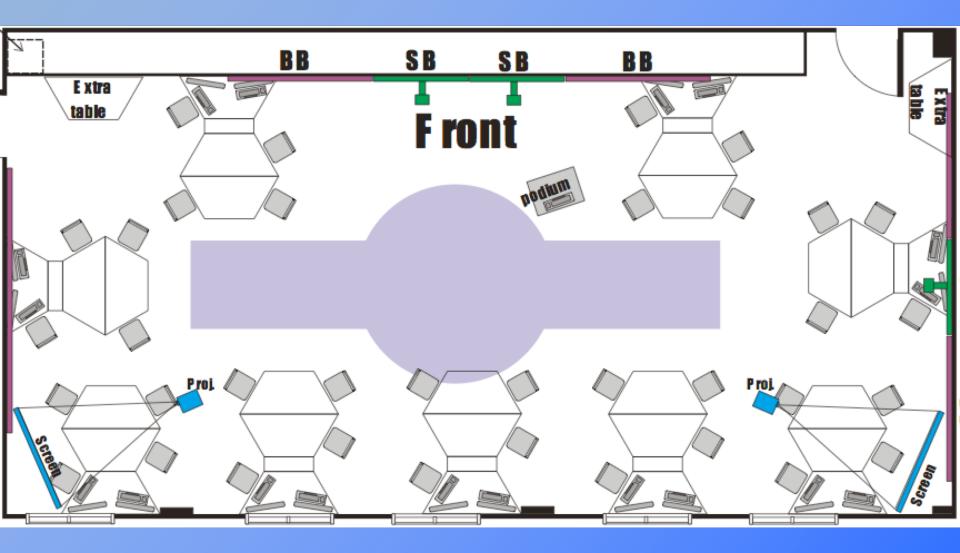
#### Background - Labs before renovation:



## Background - Labs after renovation:



#### Background - Labs after renovation:



- 1. Consultation & Expansion
- 2. Refinement & Design Details
- 3. Planning & Supervision of Renovation Work

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  - Expand people's minds
  - Make theory *real.*

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- 2. Road-trip
  - 3 day road-trip to
    - Harvard
    - MIT
    - Dickinson College
  - 3 teachers + 2 technicians

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- 1. Review web & literature
- 2. Road-trip
  - 3 day road-trip to
    - Harvard
    - MIT
    - Dickinson College
  - 3 teachers + 2 technicians
  - Produced report
    - Make it nice

#### **Physics Lab Roadtrip Report**

Sept 12, 2008

<u>Prepared by:</u> Jean-François Brière Claude Jutras Norbert Kristoff Samad Rastikerdar Chris Whittaker





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PHYSICS LAB MODERNIZATION WORKING DOCUMENT - (DEC.12, 2008 VERSION)

#### PRIORITIES

1.	Our labs must continue to allow us to schedule courses as we presently do;	
2.	Our labs must be designed so that their setup is flexible and facilitates an increased variety of pedagogical approaches. While the lab room arrangement should not be changed on a regular basis (certainly not several times per day) the time for changing the basic setup should not exceed 30 minutes;	
3.	Lab setups must include arrangements that facilitate group work as well as hands-on activities and experiments;	
4.	Students must be able to work in small groups, including groups of 2 students that have effective access to a networked computer;	
5.	Equipment storage must be efficient, effective and allow for easy access to equipment in a way that minimizes class disruptions. Minimal storage of equipment in the classroom was seen as desirable. The addition of a small storage room in-between 7A.7 and 7A.9 was seen as a good option.	
6.	There must be effective space for demonstrations in the labs but this space need not be fixed – it may be in the form of a movable cart or an adaptable desk (like at Dickinson College).	

- 1. Consultation & Expansion
- 2. Refinement & Design Details
  - Build list of "wants", then prioritize them
  - Build design around your priorities
  - Build a mock-up.

- 1. Consultation & Expansion
- 2. Refinement & Design Details
- 3. Planning & Supervision of Renovation Work
  - Plan around your realities (summer classes etc.)
  - Build good relationships eng., supv., workers
  - Be on site when work happens.

- 1. Small Working Group doers
- 2. Department or Program deciders
- 3. Large working group everyone
- 4. Administration purse-holders
- 5. Plant & Facilities renovators
- 6. Specialists consultants

- 1. Small Working Group doers
  - Core group of 4-6 people
  - Do most of the development work based on the decisions made by the larger group(s)
  - Including technicians here was very important
  - Most of Working Group went on *road-trip*.

- 1. Small Working Group doers
- 2. Department or Program deciders
  - It is important to make it clear where the decision making is made - for us that was the Physics Dept.
  - Dept. set priorities and approved design.

- 1. Small Working Group doers
- 2. Department or Program deciders
- 3. Large working group everyone
  - It is important that everyone hears directly from all involved in the process
  - Bring together different ideas and positions

- 1. Small Working Group doers
- 2. Department or Program deciders
- 3. Large working group everyone
- 4. Administration purse-holders
  - Need to work with admin. behind the scenes to make sure that you know what is possible and when it has to be done.
  - Need to have admin participate in larger process to understand and engage in it.

- 1. Small Working Group doers
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- 4. Administration purse-holders
- 5. Plant & Facilities renovators
  - They need to understand WHY things are being designed the way they are
  - Collaboration is VERY important

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- 5. Plant & Facilities renovators
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  - Some groups have a valuable perspective to contribute - ex. flexible design

- Planned change in <u>GRADUAL STEPS</u> less threatening
- Set <u>DESIGN LIMITS</u> early
- FLEXIBILITY THE ace up our sleeve

- Planned change in <u>GRADUAL STEPS</u> less threatening
  - Initially, I wanted to change all labs (= mistake)
  - Not everyone wants an active learning space
  - Some people aren't sure what they want
  - Some aspects of design may *evolve*.

- Planned change in <u>GRADUAL STEPS</u> less threatening
- Set <u>DESIGN LIMITS</u> early
  - Need to be aware of different agendas
  - Don't let everyone decide everything need to carefully control decision making.
  - Don't ask for something you don't want!
  - Example: *class size*

- Planned change in <u>GRADUAL STEPS</u> less threatening
- Set <u>DESIGN LIMITS</u> early
- FLEXIBILITY THE ace up our sleeve
  - Flexibility in design: accommodate everyone
  - Flexibility in process: know when to change

